

iFluor® 820 Goat Anti-human IgG (H+L) Antibody

Catalog Number: 50136, 50137

Unit Size: 200 ug, 1 mg

Product Details

Storage Conditions 2-8°C with minimized light exposure. Do not freeze.

Expiration Date 12 months upon receiving

Concentration 1 mg/mL

Formulation Phosphate-buffered saline (PBS, pH 7.2), 2 mg/mL BSA

Unit Details

Reconstitution Volume 50136 (200 ug) 50137 (1 mg)

200 uL dd H_2O 1 mL dd H_2O

Antibody Properties

Species Reactivity Human

Class Secondary

Clonality Polyclonal

Host Goat

Biological Properties

Stabilizer 2 mg/mL BSA

Appearance Solid

Preparation Goat anti-human IgG (H+L) is produced in goat with pooled total human IgG. The antibody is

conjugated with iFluor® 820 under optimal conditions.

Application Flow Cytometry (FACS), IF, IHC, ELISA, WB

Recommended Dilutions Suggested dilutions are only guidelines; users should titrate the product for their specific assay

using appropriate controls

Application Recommended dilution

Flow Cytometry (FACS) 1-5 μg/mL

IF $2 \mu g/mL$

IHC 1-10 μg/mL

ELISA 100 ng/mL

WB 1-10 μg/mL

Spectral Properties

Conjugate iFluor™ 820

Excitation Wavelength 822 nm

Emission Wavelength 850 nm

Applications

AAT Bioquest's anti-human secondary antibodies have well-characterized specificity for human immunoglobulins and are useful in the detection, sorting or purification of its specified target. This iFluor® 820-labeled secondary antibody was prepared using AAT Bioquest's proprietary labeling technology. It demonstrated much brighter signal compared to the similar iFluor® 820 goat anti-human IgG antibodies from other commercial sources, and thus can significantly increase assay sensitivities. Secondary antibodies offer increased versatility enabling users to use many detection systems (e.g. HRP, AP, fluorescence). They can also provide greater sensitivity through signal amplification as multiple secondary antibodies can bind to a single primary antibody. This antibody was purified through affinity chromatography and conjugated to iFluor® 820 (ex/em = 822/850 nm).